

REMARKS

After entering the above amendments, claims 1-9, 18-20 and 26 will be pending.

Claims 1, 6, 18 and 26 are independent. Reconsideration and allowance of the current application are requested in light of the above-marked amendments and the foregoing remarks.

Summary of Rejections. The Office has rejected claims 1-9, 18-20 and 26 under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as allegedly being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 7,316,003 to Dulepet, et al. (hereinafter “Dulepet”). Claim 26 has been amended for clarity.

Rejections under 35 USC §102

Claims 1-9, 18-20 and 26 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as allegedly being anticipated by Dulepet. This rejection is respectfully traversed.

To present a valid anticipation rejection under 35 U.S.C. §102, the Office must identify a single prior art reference in which “each and every element as set forth in the claim is found, either expressly or inherently described.” MPEP §2131 quoting *Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of California*, 814 F.2d 628, 631, 2 USPQ2d 1051, 1053 (Fed. Cir. 1987). The rejection over Dulepet fails to satisfy this burden with regards to the currently pending claims.

Each of the independent claims 1, 6, 18 and 26 recite both a design time translator and a runtime translator. The design time translator is invoked during design time of a portal page. The runtime translator is invoked during runtime for the page, and uses threading to determine and obtain dynamic content in parallel with other dynamic content stored in blocks without ordering.

It appears from a broad interpretation of Dulepet that Dulepet is directed strictly to the design time of a web page. Dulepet teaches a system and method for developing a web

page that comprises dynamically generated content. Dulepet teaches configuring a web page for a runtime environment, but does not appear to specifically address a runtime environment where a runtime translator is executed. Applicants respectfully request the Examiner to point out with particularity where Dulepet teaches or suggests a runtime translator invoked during runtime of a web page.

Likewise, Dulepet appears to fall far short of teaching or even suggesting using threading to determine and obtain dynamic content in parallel with other dynamic content stored in blocks without ordering, which can dramatically improve the rendering of dynamic content during runtime. The Examiner appears to rely only on a section of Dulepet where the reference states:

“In another embodiment of the invention, controller 230 may deploy web page source code and/or Java servlets to multiple JSP containers, or a first JSP container may deploy source code and/or servlets to a second JSP container.”

Applicants respectfully request clarification as to how the above passage, or any teaching Dulepet contains, for that matter, teaches or suggests the claimed features of “wherein the second component configured as dynamic content is determined and obtained in parallel, at run-time using threading, with other dynamic content stored in blocks without ordering in a content storage medium to render the dynamic content of the second component rather than the tag used during design-time” (claim 1, with similar limitations recited by the other independent claims) as executed at runtime of the page.

Accordingly, Applicants respectfully assert that Dulepet fails to anticipate claims 1, 6, 18 and 26 of the present application. Claims 2-5, 7-9, and 19-20 should be deemed allowable at least for their dependence on an allowable base claim.

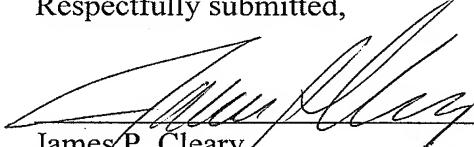
For at least these reasons, withdrawal of the pending rejection under 35 U.S.C. §102 is respectfully requested.

CONCLUSION

It is believed that all of the pending claims have been addressed in this paper. However, failure to address a specific rejection, issue or comment, does not signify agreement with or concession of that rejection, issue or comment. In addition, because the arguments made above are not intended to be exhaustive, there may be reasons for patentability of any or all pending claims (or other claims) that have not been expressed. Finally, nothing in this paper should be construed as an intent to concede any issue with regard to any claim, except as specifically stated in this paper.

No additional fees are believed to be due, however the Commissioner is authorized to charge any additional fees or credit overpayments to Deposit Account No. 50-0311, reference No. 34874-020/2003P00061US. If there are any questions regarding this reply, the Examiner is encouraged to contact the undersigned at the telephone number provided below.

Respectfully submitted,



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